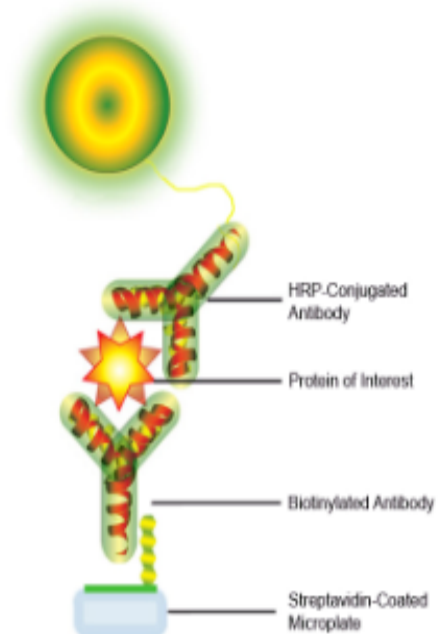


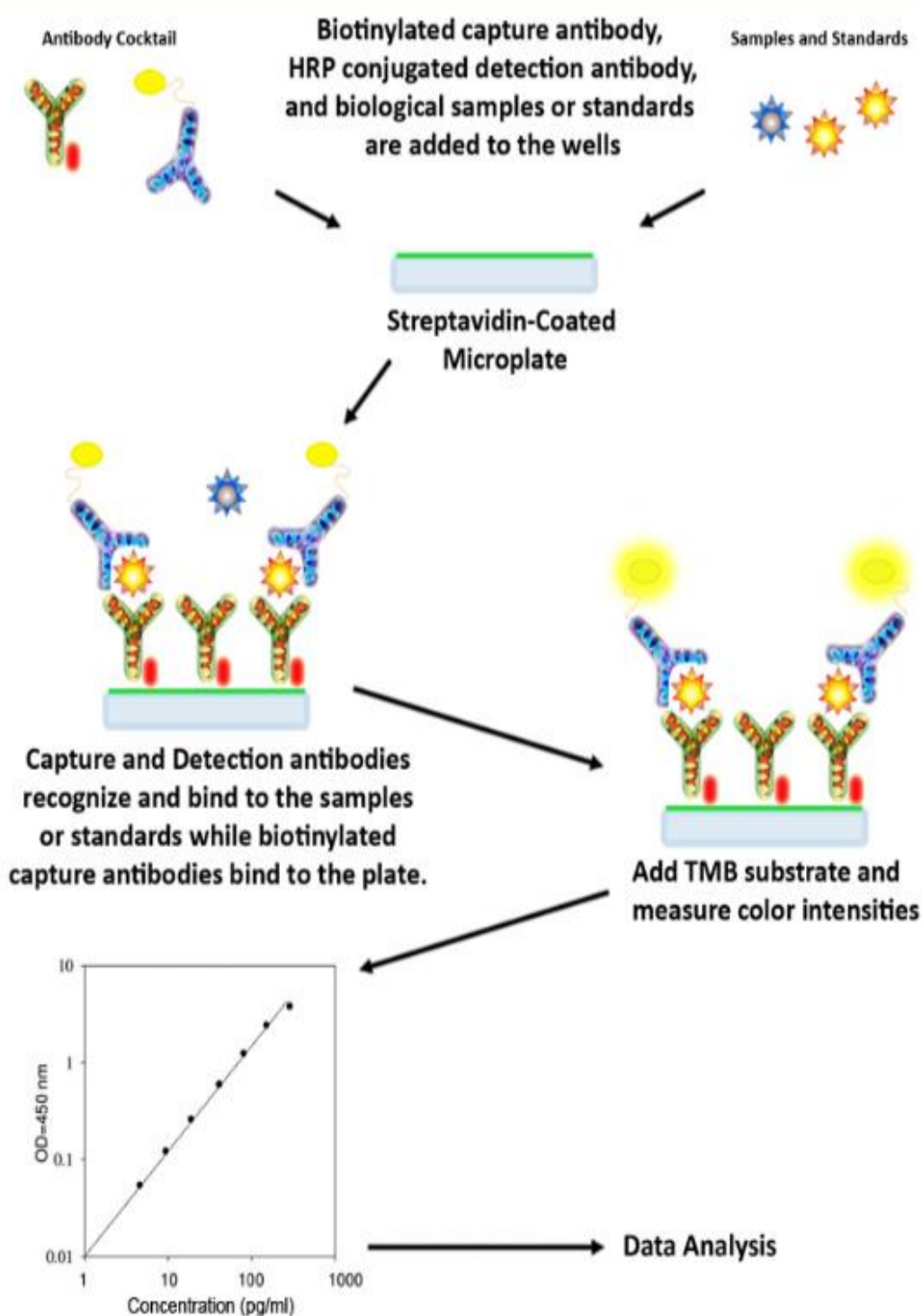
SpeedELISA

Assay Principle	Compressed work flow, Sandwich-based (matched antibody pairs)
Sample Types	Plasma, serum, cell culture media*
Targets Detected	Cytokines, growth factors, soluble receptors, etc.
	View All <i>SpeedELISA</i> Target Protein Names
Application	Three hour total processing time; Cytokine quantification; Validation of array results; Single target ELISA
Species	Human Mouse Rat



*Biotin interferes with this assay. If your samples contain biotin (commonly found in certain cell culture media such as RPMI, 1640, or F-12K), we recommend using the standard RayBio Sandwich ELISA kit.

How It Works



RayBio *SpeedELISA*s employ a biotinylated capture and a HRP-conjugated detection antibody which immunocaptures the sample analyte in solution. The microplate in the kit is precoated with streptavidin.

The biotinylated capture antibody/protein/HRP-conjugated detection antibody mixture is pipetted into the wells and the biotinylated target protein present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized streptavidin.

After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound material.

A TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of target protein bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.